(*b*) in the case of an action for damages, if tender of sufficient amends shall have been made before the action was brought, or if after the institution of the action a sufficient sum of money is paid into Court with costs, by or on behalf of the defendant:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the powers or jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature or of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay.

SCHEDULE.

[*Enactments repealed.*]

Repealed by Act XVI of 1895.

BOMBAY ACT No. II OF 1879.

(*The assent of the Governor General of India to this Act was first published by the Governor of Bombay on the 5th April, 1879.*)

An Act to further amend Act XIII of 1856.

[NOTE.—The amendments made by this Act was incorporated in Act XIII of 1856 and Bom. Act I of 1872, respectively, as printed on pp. 74 *et seq.* of Vol. 1 of this Code and pp. 135 *et seq. supra.*]

THE KARÁCHI VACCINATION ACT, 1879.

CONTENTS.

PREAMBLE.

SECTIONS.

Preliminary.

1. Short title.
   Local extent.
   Commencement.
2. Interpretation-clause.

Establishment.

3. Vaccination-districts.
   Appointment of public vaccinators.
   Public vaccine-stations.
   Notification of districts and stations.
4. Public vaccinator to live within his district.

SECTIONS.

5. Qualifications of public vaccinator.
6. Superintendent of vaccination.
Assistant Superintendents.

Vaccination.

7. Parent or guardian of children born,
and of unprotected children brought to reside, in Karachi,
must procure their vaccination.
Public vaccinator bound to vaccinate all children brought to him.
8. Inspection.
Re-vaccination.
9. If child unfit for vaccination, certificate in form A to be given.
Certificate to remain in force for two months, but renewable.
When successive postponement-certificates to be granted.
10. Provision for giving certificates of insusceptibility to successful vaccination.
11. Provision for giving certificates of successful vaccination.
12. Vaccination must ordinarily be performed with animal-lymph.
13. No fee for vaccination or for certificates.
Proviso.

Registration.

14. Registrar of births to give notice of requirement of vaccination.
15. Duplicates of certificates to be transmitted to Registrar.
16. Registrar to keep vaccination notice and certificate book;
17. also duplicate register of births, with entries concerning vaccination;
18. and also register of postponed vaccinations.
19. Transmission of returns to Superintendent.

Prosecutions and Offences.

20. Penalty for inoculating, and for entering town of Karáchi after inoculation.
21. Magistrate may make order for vaccination of unprotected child under fourteen years.
Penalty for disobedience of order.
Proviso for costs to person improperly summoned.
22. Penalty for not producing child.
23. Penalty for neglect to take child to be vaccinated, etc.
24. Penalty for making or signing false certificate.
25. Penalty for accepting illegal fee or remuneration.
26. Cognizance of offences.
27. Prosecution for neglect.
28. [*Repealed.*]

Miscellaneous.

SECTIONS.
29. Books and forms.
30. Annual return of number of children vaccinated, etc.
31. Civil Surgeon of Karáchi to make rules.

SCHEDULE A.
SCHEDULE B.
SCHEDULE C.
SCHEDULE D.
SCHEDULE E.

BOMBAY ACT No. IV OF 1879.

(*The assent of the Governor General of India to this Act was first published by the Governor of Bombay on the 27th June, 1879.*)

An Act to prohibit the practice of inoculation and to make the vaccination of children in the town of Karáchi compulsory.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit the practice of inoculation and to make the vaccination of children in the town of Karáchi compulsory; It is enacted as follows :—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title. 1. This Act may be cited as the Karáchi Vaccination Act, 1879.

Local extent. It extends only to the town of Karáchi.

Commencement. It shall come into force on such day[a] as the Governor in Council directs by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette; and its operation may at any time be suspended by the Governor in Council by notification in the said Gazette.

Interpretation-clause. 2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "parent" includes the father and mother of a legitimate child and the mother of an illegitimate child :

(2) "guardian" means any person to whom the care, nurture or custody of any child falls by law, or by natural right or recognized usage, or who has accepted or assumed the care, nurture or custody of any child, or to whom the care or custody of any child has been entrusted by any authority lawfully authorized in that behalf :

(3) "public vaccinator" means any vaccinator appointed under this Act, or any deputy duly authorized to act for such public vaccinator :

[a] The 1st September, 1879—see Bombay Government Gazette, 1879, Pt. 1, p. 690.